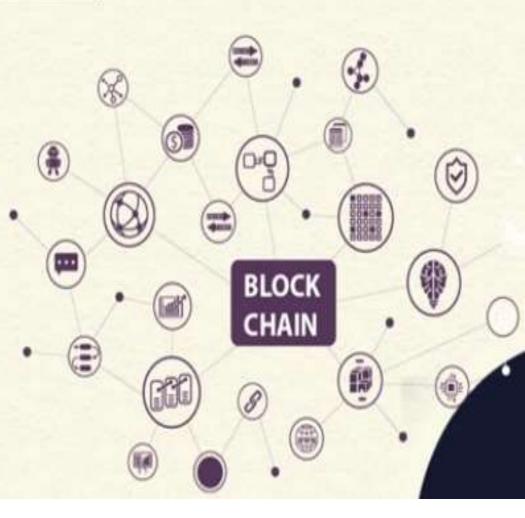
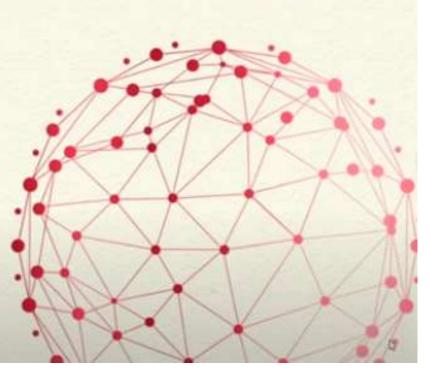
CONCEPTS COVERED

- The Blockchain Myths
- Decentralization A Use-case



KEYWORDS

- Cryptocurrency
- Blockchain
- Supply Chain Management
- Decentralization



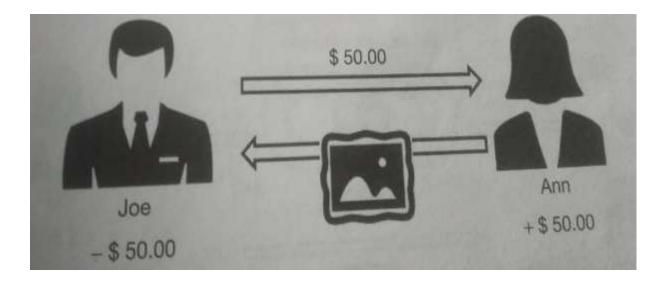
The Blockchain Myth

- Blockchain ≠ Bitcoin (or any other cryptocurrencies)
 - If you want to take this course to trade cryptocurrencies, this course is not for you !!
 - We do not want to argue on the legal issues of cryptocurrencies -- We want to learn the technology and its applications

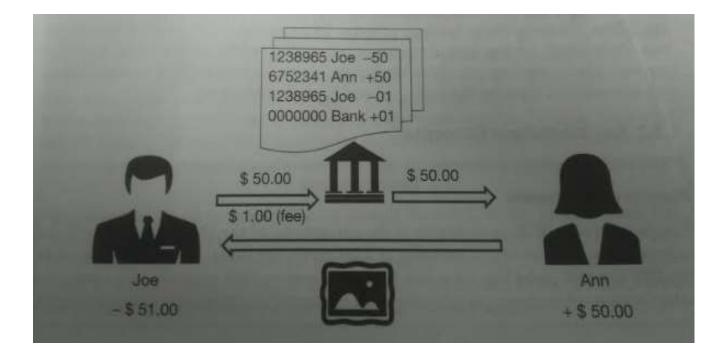
The Blockchain Myth

- Anything and everything in the world cannot be solved using a blockchain
 - Blockchain is good but it cannot change the society in a week or a month or a year
 - "Want to prevent fraud and corruption? Use Blockchain" --Unfortunately, you are wrong! There can be a better technology to solve your problem ...
 - You cannot replace a database with a blockchain
 - Blockchain is not a distributed database
 - Blockchain is not designed to securely store ANY data

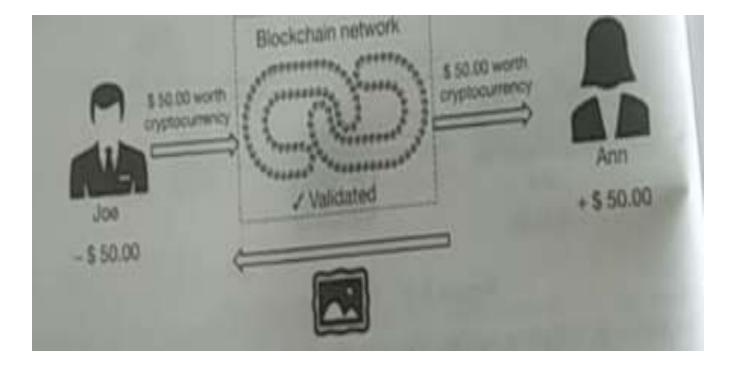
Example-Physical transaction



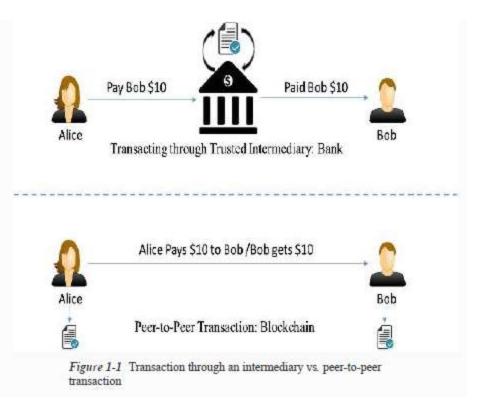
Example – Traditional Online Transaction



Example-Block chain transaction



Traditional and blockchain transaction

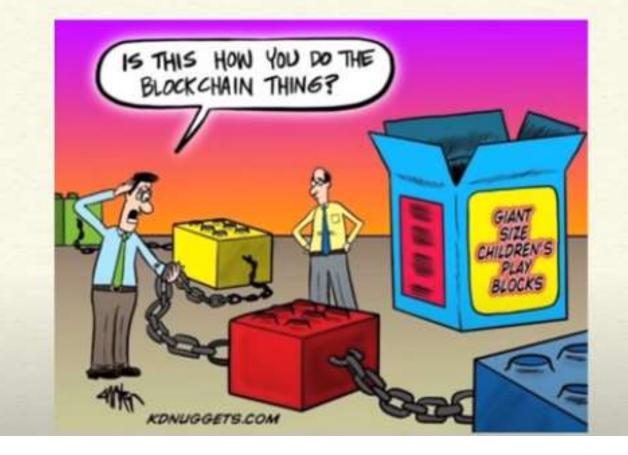


What is Blockchain?

Blockchain

- Blockchain is a system of records to transact value (not just money!) in a peer-to-peer fashion.
- There is no need for a trusted intermediary such as banks, brokers, or other escrow services to serve as a trusted third party

Decentralization – When Do you Need It?



What is Blockchain?



Self-sustaining, peer-topeer database for managing and recording transactions with no central bank or clearinghouse involvement

"Blockchain" is named after how transactions are stored—blocks of data, encrypted by altering (or hashing) part of the previous block

Blockchain is the representation of the continuous "change of state"

Definition

• Technically

 Block chain is defined as a distributed, replicated peer to peer network of databases that allows multiple non-trusting parties to transact without a trusted intermediary and maintains an evergrowing, append only, tamper-resistant list of time-sequenced records.

(or)

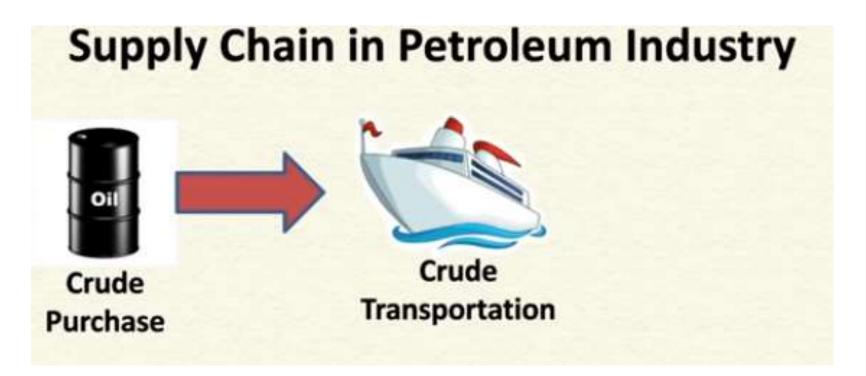
 Block chain is digital, decentralized, distributed ledger database where blocks are linked cryptographically, and transactions are digitally signed and managed using consensus model.

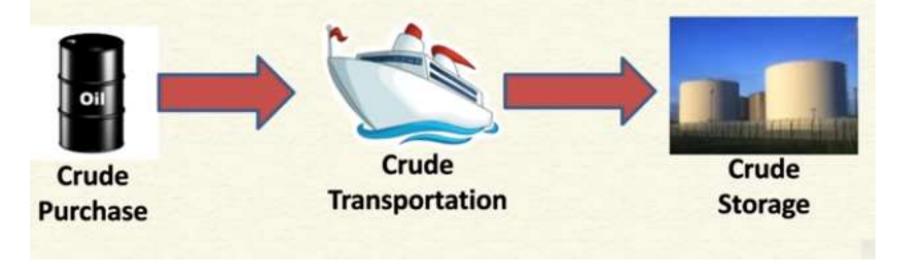
Supply Chain Management -- A Use Case

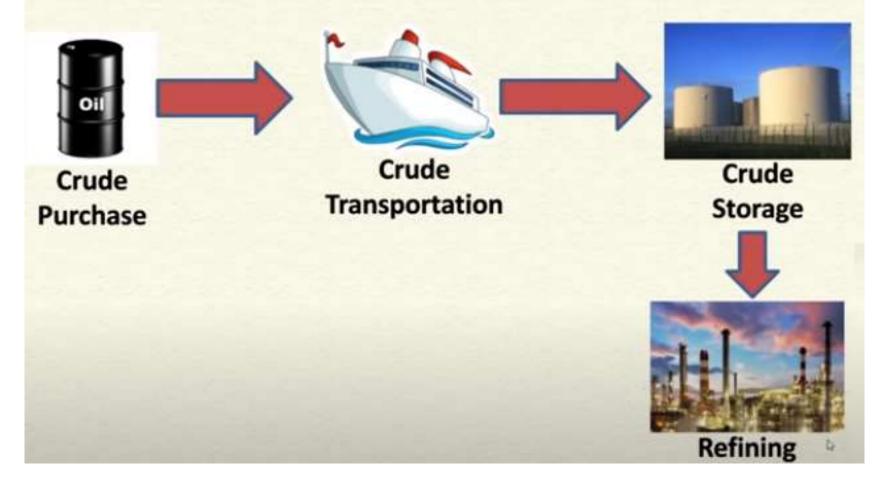


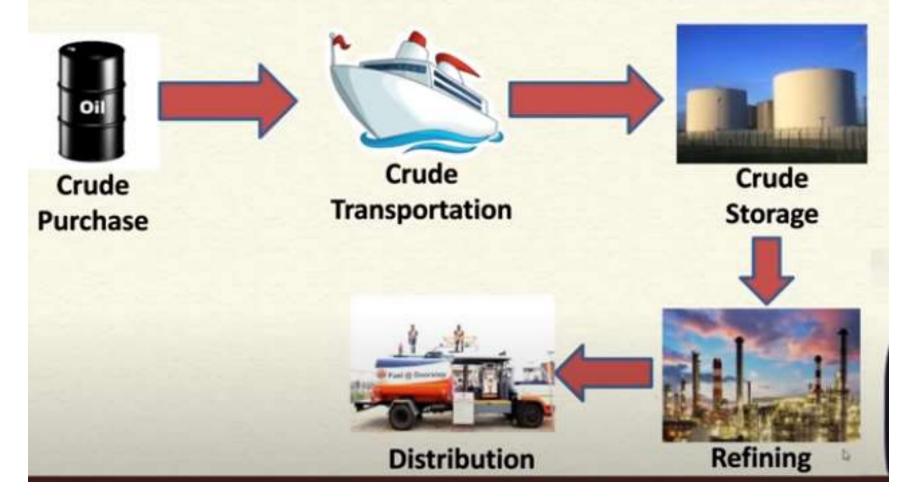


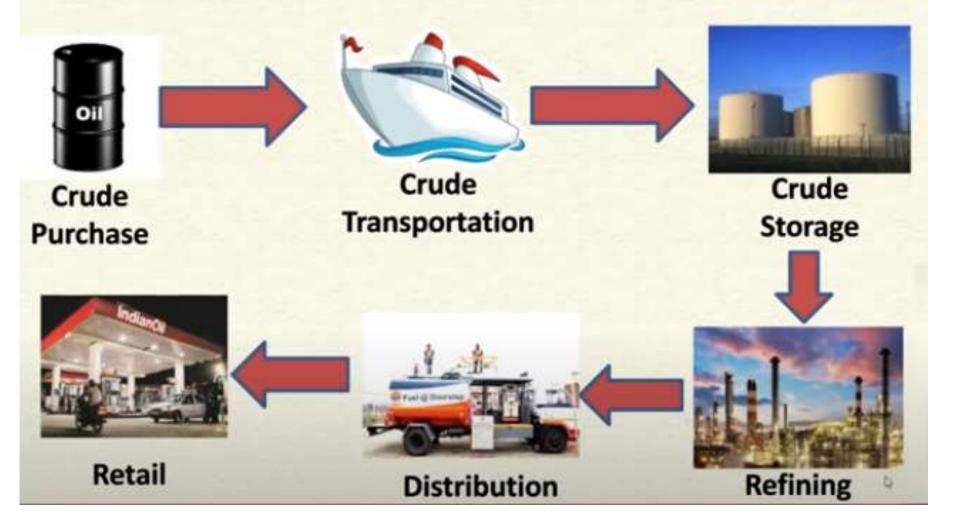
Crude Purchase

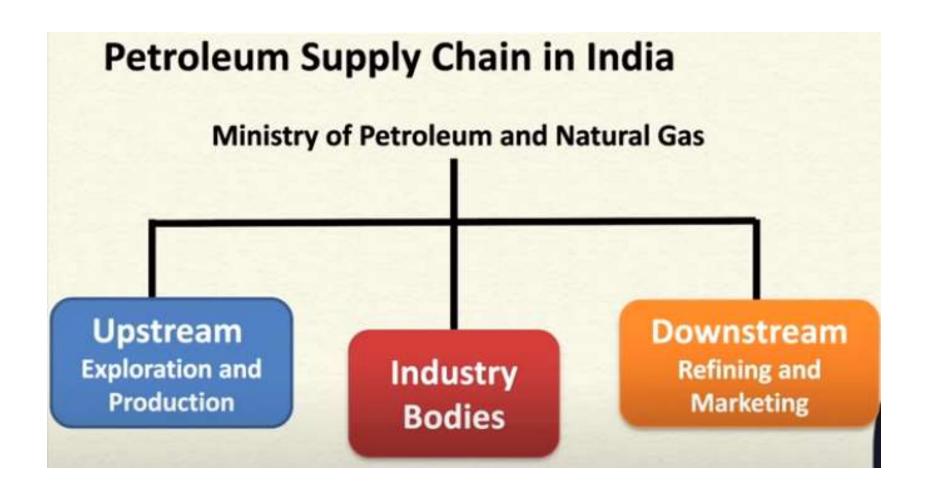












Petroleum Supply Chain in India

Upstream Exploration and Production





Petroleum Supply Chain in India

Industry Bodies

- Petroleum Planning and Analysis Cell
- Center for High Technology
- PRCA
- PetroFed
- Oil industry Safety Directorate
- Petroleum India International

- Minimization of material procurement
- Maximization of manufacturing capacity and sales
- Meet demand numbers
- Respond quickly to market opportunity by purchasing the production shortfall from other players
- Objective of each production unit would be to maximize the throughput and its margin
- Procurement would purchase the feedstock with not the best yields at lowest cost

Minimization of material procurement



Needs Strong Coordination among the Players

Minimization of material procurement



Needs Strong Coordination among the Players

How do we obtain Real-time Information from the Stakeholders?

How do we obtain Real-time Information from the Stakeholders? A web-based portal?

Minimization of material procurement



Needs Strong Coordination among the Players

How do we obtain Real-time Information from the Stakeholders? A web-based portal?

What is the guarantee that the information submitted is correct?

Minimization of material procurement



How do we obtain Real-time Information from the Stakeholders? A web-based portal?

What is the guarantee that the information submitted is correct?

What if someone denies the information later on?

How do we obtain Real-time Information from the Stakeholders?

We need a decentralized solution – Noone trust each other, but they should cooperate

Minimization of material procurement



the

production shortfall from other players

Blockchain is the answer !!

Conclusion – Decentralization and Blockchain

- You have a network of different players (businesses, enterprises, commercial establishments, Government or Private bodies, or even the individuals)
- Everyone has their own interest they want to fulfill their goal
- They do not trust each other
- If they cooperate, the society gets benefited
- Trustless Decentralization = Blockchain

Moving towards Decentralization ...

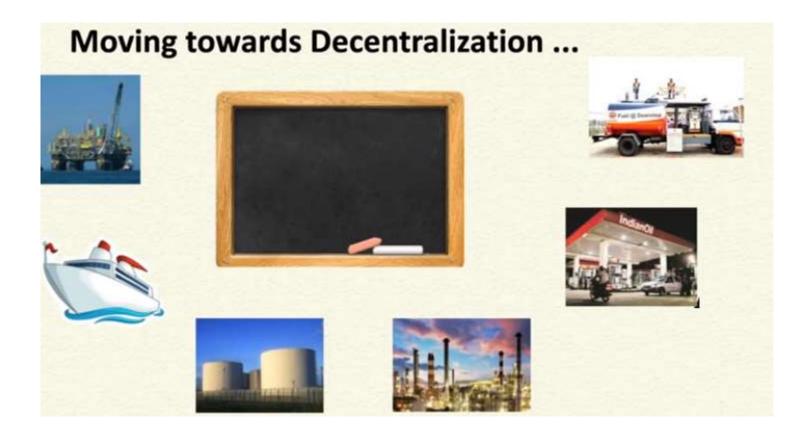




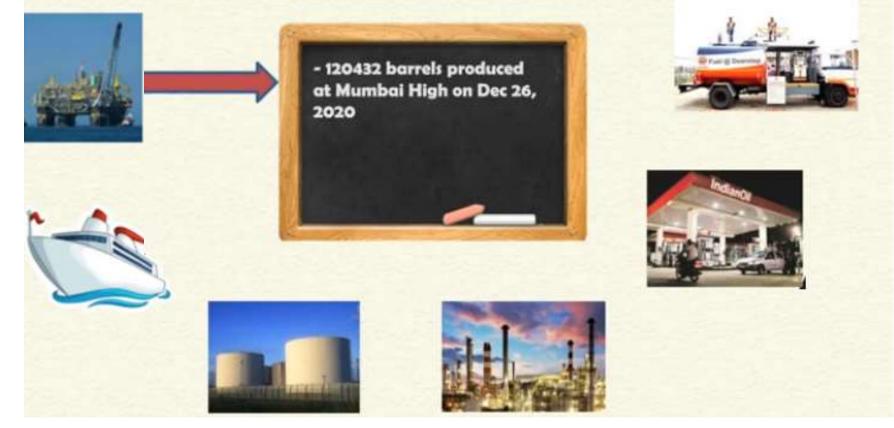








Moving towards Decentralization ...



Moving towards Decentralization ...

- 120432 barrels produced at Mumbai High on Dec 26, 2020

- 16467 barrels transported from Mumbai High to HPCL Refinery on Dec 26, 2020 at 2:30 pm







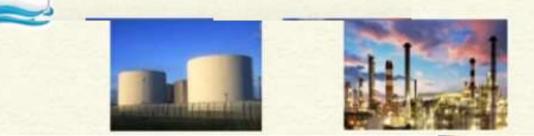


- 120432 barrels produced at Mumbai High on Dec 26, 2020

- 16467 barrels transported from Mumbai High to HPCL Refinery on Dec 26, 2020 at 2:30 pm







The board has infinite space, you do not need to erase anything!

Everyone can see all the logs and verify - 120432 barrels produced at Mumbai High on Dec 26, 2020









The board is not erasable, no one can deny later - 120432 barrels produced at Mumbai High on Dec 26, 2020









Simple one-step auditing - 120432 barrels produced at Mumbai High on Dec 26, 2020













Who will maintain this bulletin board? - One of the enterprises maintain a private cloud

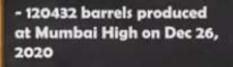
Who will maintain this bulletin board? One of the enterprises maintain a private cloud What is the guarantee that it is not a fraud?

Who will maintain this bulletin board? Let everyone maintain the same copy of the board individually and independently

Moving towards Decentralization ... Understand Understa





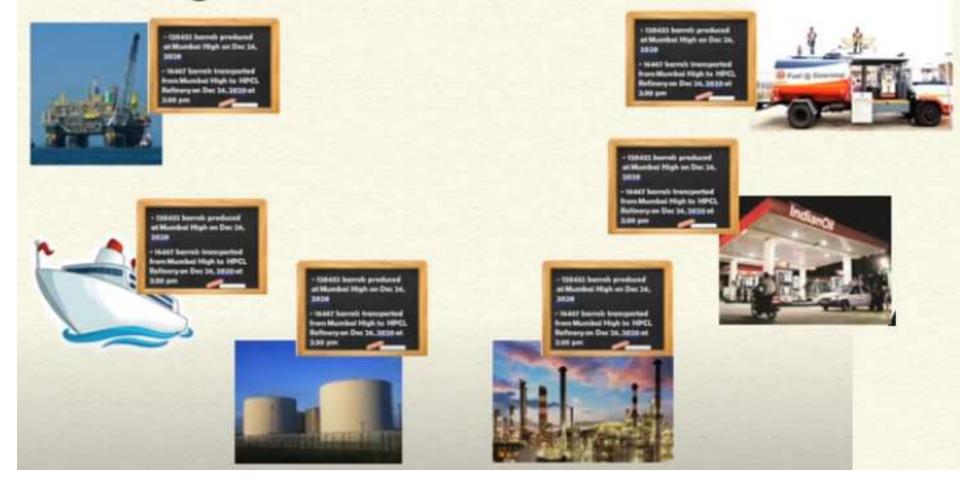
















What is a Blockchain?





An immutable append-only ever-growing chain of data. Data once added cannot be deleted or modified later





What is a Blockchain?





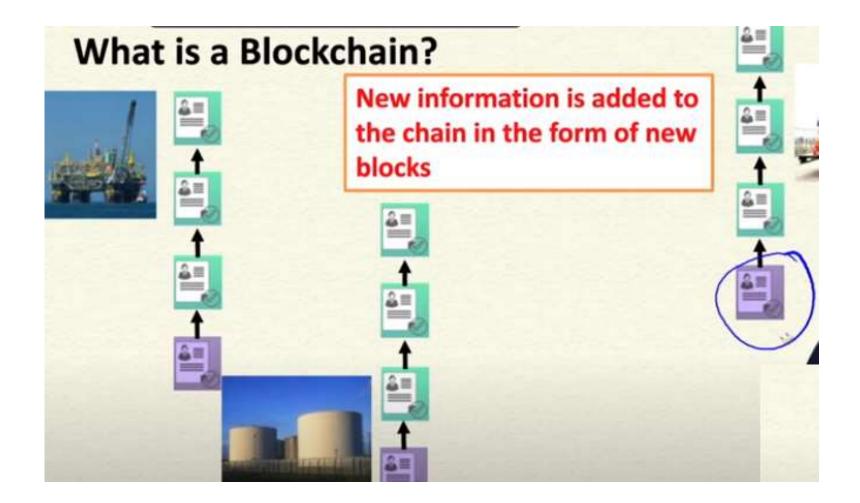
There is no central database to store the chain – everyone keeps a copy of the chain and process data locally

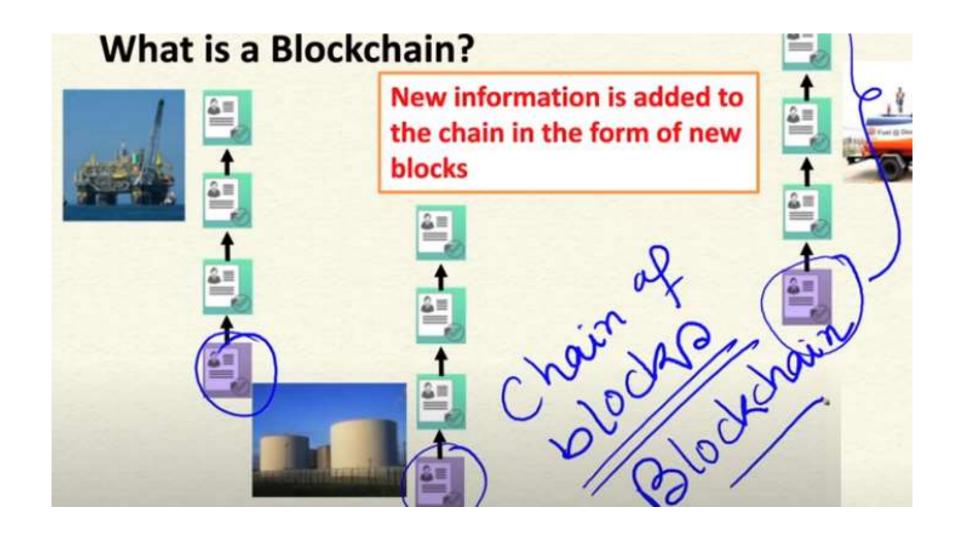
ê=

ê=



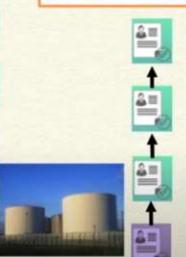
ê= What is a Blockchain? New information is added to 2≡ 2 the chain in the form of new blocks 2 ê= ê= â ê=





What is a Blockchain?

Blockchain ensures that every party has the same view of the blockchain always





The Information is transparent to everyone – so everyone can verify and validate

